

## Tailoring Surface and Optical Properties of Trivalent Metal-Doped ZnO Thin Films for Environmental Sensing and Remediation

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*Thematic Area: T1 Materials & The environment*

### Abstract

The development of advanced oxide materials with tunable surface and optical characteristics is critical for next-generation environmental sensing and photocatalytic remediation technologies. This presentation highlights a systematic investigation of ZnO thin films doped with trivalent metal ions ( $\text{Cr}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{Sm}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{La}^{3+}$ , and  $\text{Al}^{3+}$ ) at low concentrations (0.1–1 at.%), synthesized via spray pyrolysis. The study focuses on tailoring crystallite size, surface morphology, and strain to modulate functional performance. Detailed XRD and Raman spectroscopy analyses reveal dopant-specific effects on lattice distortion and defect-related vibrational modes, particularly LO phonon behavior. Optical characterization goes beyond conventional bandgap estimation, employing absorption maxima as a sensitive tool to detect sub-band transitions and energy level perturbations. These tailored properties directly impact light–matter interaction and surface reactivity, essential for photocatalytic pollutant degradation and gas detection under real-world conditions. The results demonstrate that precise doping strategies can engineer the physicochemical landscape of ZnO, offering a platform for sustainable applications in environmental monitoring and clean-up. This work contributes to the broader vision of using innovative materials chemistry to address global environmental challenges.

**Keywords:** ZnO thin films, trivalent metal dopants, surface tailoring, environmental sensors, photocatalysis.

**Acknowledgements:** IMT's contribution was partially supported by the Romanian Ministry of Research, Innovation and Digitalisation through the  $\mu$ NanoEI, Cod: 23 07 core Programme and partially supported by PNRR/2022/C9/MCID/I8 CF23/14 11 2022 contract 760101/23.05.2023 financed by the Ministry of Research, Innovation and Digitalization in “Development of a program to attract highly specialized human resources from abroad in research, development, and innovation activities” within the – PNRR-IIIC9-2022 - I8 PNRR/2022/Component 9/investment 8.